# WANTS TO JOIN CITY TO COUNTY

# Momentous Scheme of Mr. Joseph.

House Passes Bill to Tax Net Proceeds of Utah Mines.

Senate Passes Three Bills and Will Take a Junket to Logan.

rated to visit the Agricultural College at Legan by special train Saturday, introduced six new billis, one of which by Hollingsworth provides for an appropriation of \$30,000 for an exhibit at Portland, and held an executive session of more than on hour.

tories, mills and machine shops, came into the House yesterday. It is number heard more frequently than any other bill at this session of the General Assembly. It was referred to the Committee Labor, which is generally conceded

est. In this case the request was Sait Lake City and Sait Lake county will be placed under a single government if Representative Joseph has his way. He put in a bill yesterday, providing for the submission of a constitutional amendment which, if carried, would make such a

No. 1-standing for "House Junket H. J. No. |-standing for 'House Junket No. I'-will take place next Saturday when the members will avail themselves of a special train kindly donated by the Oregon Short Line rallway, and accept an invitation tendered by President Kerr of the Agricultural college at Logan. Forty-five votes were cast yesterday by the House in favor of H. B. No. 9, to tax

the date of location and Joseph's bill abolishing the Utah Art institute.

THE SENATE.

### First Executive Session Held-Will Visit Agricultural College.

The greater part of the time of the sideration of a matter brought up by Senator Hamberger in executive session.

Loose having returned from

found in the calendar. One, No. ing \$30,000 for an exhibit at Portland, promises to raise a storm of disapproval, owing to the experience had with the Louisiann Purchase exposition fund. Senator Rasband's new bill. No. 37, providing for a depository for State funds in a bank to be seiggted by the Governor, Secretary of State and Treasurer. Interest paid on these funds is to be covered into the State treasurer.

The Judiciary committee reported S. B.

# CURED OF BRONCHITIS.

Letter from Prominent Milwaukee Man Published by Request of Our Local Druggists. Druehl & Franken.

To the Editor of The Tribune: For the benefit of all people in Salt Lake

City suffering from hard colds, hacking coughs, bronchitis, throat troubles or weak lungs, we wish you would publish the following letter

"Dear Sirs.-For two months I suffered with a hard cold and hacking cough, which rettled into bronchitis and sore



W. H. O'KEEFE.

Il kinds of medicine when Vinol was rec-mmended. I have never tasted cod liver il in so delicious a form, and what is etter it quickly eased the sorchess in my logs, cured bronchitts and cough and wide me well and strong. I enjoyed ta-ing every dose." W. H. O'Keefe, Mil-suker, Wis.

incde me well and strong. I enjoyed taking every dose." W. H. O'Keefe, Milwaukee, Wis.

We guarantee that Vinol will care all such troubles, or will give back the money paid for it. The above letter is published simply to add additional proof.

Physicians everywhere indorse Vinol. A prominent physician writes. "Vinol is the most valuable preparation of cod liver oil known to medicine; it is of untold the to create strength and build up the special system for old people, weak worlaw and children, and it has no equal for hard colds, bronchial and all lung affections."

We ask the people of Salt Lake City to try Vinol on our guarantee that if it does not help them they can come back and get their money. Druchi & Franken, also Smith Drug Co., Druggists.



THE "SIMPLE LIFE" OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

the with certain amendments and recommended their passage. The reports were adopted. The former relates to claims against incorporated effect and towns and the other to fees of municipal courts.

Committee on Rules reported unfavorably Senator Lewis's resolution providing for final adjournment February 16.

Passage of House that 44 and 45, with amendments, was recommended by the Judiciary committee, and when put on their passage Senator Lawrence explained each and they passed by unanimous vote. No. 45 relates to appeals from Justices courts, and No. 44 to forging and counter-

Senate bill No. 29, by Hollingsworth, which provides for fees for municipal courts, applies wholly to Ogden, was also passed by a unanimous vote. This bill gives relief to Weber county, which, under the law, has been paying the cost of a municipal court for Ogden City. Senator Lawrence's bill, No. 30, relating to claims against incorporate cities and towns for injuries suestaned because of defective, unsafe, dangarous or obstructed streets, sidewalks, culverts, bridges, etc., came up on third reading. The author explained that persons injured are required by the bill to give notice thirty days after the accident, instead of ninety days, as at present, and notice thirty days after the accident, instead of ninety days, as at przeont, and that the notice of claim be specific as to place, time and manner of injury. No action can be brought until sixty days after notice of the claim is filed with the trustees or Council, and failure to give notice is a bar against action.

### Roll Call Deferred.

Secretary Bennion asked that roll call be deferred until he could examine more closely the measure, and vote on the passage went over until today

Closely the measure are sage went over until today. When House concurrent resolution No. 2, by J. A. Anderson, came up, it provided some discussion. It provides that after the ferty-fifth day no bills be introduced, except by consent of the house in which they emanate. Senator Johnson beld it was not a proper subject for a current resolution—that each nody should not on the matter accounts. r a current resolution—that each body lould act on the matter acparately mator Lawrence thought likewise mator Bennion favored it on the ounds that it would be a discourtesy to e House to introduce new bills after the ouse had put a check on the further in oduction. Senator Bamberger atduction. Senator Bamberger at apted to secure an amendment to make block important and necessary atlon. Senator Bamberger then at-ted to amend to the "thirty offin instead of "forty-fifth," but no sec-

mint at Salt Lake. House joint memorial No. 1, that Congress establish a bureau of mines in Salt Lake and House bill 2, to dismiss without prejudice actions before a Justice of the Peace. These were laid on the table.

The Senate decided to accept President Kerr's invitation to visit the Agricult, rai college at Logan Saturday. A special train will carry the legislature to Logan, leaving here at 8 o'clock in the foreneous and returning about midnight.

Adjourned to meet at 2 o clock today.

### THE HOUSE

Eloquence Was Lacking, but the Members Kept Busy.

Members Kept Busy.

Debate in the House yesterday was very commonplace, but the measures introduced and read for the first and second times were, some of them, important in the highest degree.

At the opening of the sitting Mr. Toiten, the gentleman who was disturbed early in the session lest posterity should find an inverted period or 1 wrong font letter in the Journal, moved to dispense with the reading of the minutes altogether, and devote the time to corrections. Mr. Edward declared that sach an omission would be without precedent. Mr. Richards expressed his surprise that Mr. Toiton, of all gentlemen, should make such a motion. He moved that the proposition be laid on the trible. And it was even so.

When the clerk failed to find anything mong the committee reports from the special Committee on the Louisiana Purchase Fund Deficit, Mr. Joseph called for information. "The gentleman asked," said Mr.

chase Fund Deficit, Mr. Joseph called for information

"The rentleman asked," said Mr. Marks, chairman of the committee, "If the Senate was the keeper of the House. Now I wonder if Mr. Joseph is the keeper of these committees. This committee will make its report in due time, and until then I am not in favor of making public the progress of our investigation."

The Committee on Claims and Public Accounts turned down the claim of exstate Treasurer John De Gray Dixon for \$2.59 for auditing accounts, and approved claims aggregating \$693.13 for repairing and furnishing the House chamber.

Mr. Fishburn withdrew H. B. No. 53, to make municipal elections come at the same time as general elections, saying he wished to amend it or draw up a substitute.

stitute.

Aside from the bill for taxing coal, coke and sait the measures which passed on third reading yesterday are of little interest H B & simply provides that a court may, in its discretion, grant more time for the filling of notices to the opposing party in a lawauit. H. B, & requires notice to be given when the court grants a motion for a new trial, in order that no one may let a case go by defauit through ignorance.

To Take in the State.

To Take in the State.

H. B. 33, by Joseph, is entitled. "An act to submit to the qualified electors of the State of Utah an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Utah by adding thereto article XXV. entitled city and county of Sait Lake."

The proposed amendment is to provide that the city and county of Sait Lake shall be consolidated and declared to be a single body corporate and politic by the name of the "city and county of Sait Lake shall be responsible for the debts of each Any contiguous town, city or territory and rexed to or consolidated with the city and county of Sait Lake shall be detached per se from such other county and become a part of the city and county. City in the city and county of Sait Lake shall be detached per se from such other county and become a part of the city and county. City in the city and county of Sait Lake shall be detached per se from such other county and become a part of the city and county. City

and county shall alone always constitute ene judicist district of the State. The officers shall be such as by appointment or election may be provided for by the charter and the jurisdiction, term of office, duties and qualifications of such officers shall be such as in the charter may be provided.

### How It Would Be Done.

How It Would Be Done.

Immediately upon the canvass of the vote showing the adoption of this amendment it shall be the duty of the Governoof the State to issue the proclamation accordingly, and thereupon the city of Sait Lake and all municipal corporations and that part of the county of Sait Lake within the boundaries of said city shall herge into the city and county of Sait Lake and the terms of office of all officers of city and county shall terminate, except that the then Mayor, Auditor, engineer, Council (which shall then perform the duties of the Board of County Commissioners), police magistrate, Chief of Police and boards of the city of Sait Lake shall become the officers of the city and county of Sait Lake.

These officers shall serve only until their successors are elected and qualified, except that the District Judges and District Attorney shall serve their full terms. The police and firemen shall serve under the city and county until they are discharged under such civil service regulations as shall be provided by the charter

the city and county until they are dis-charged under such civil service regula-tions as shall be provided by the charter, and every charter shall provide that the department of fire and police and the de-partment of public utilities and works shall be under such civil service regula-tions as in said charter shall be provided.

### Adoption of Charter.

Elaborate provisions are made by the bill for the adoption of a charter. A convention of twenty-one tax-payers shall be called to frame a charter; the charter shall be submitted to a vote, and, if not adopted, a new convention shall be called to frame another. This process is to be repeated until the people get a charter to their liking Provision is made for amending the charter. The bill also contemplates the amalgamation of the city and the county schools. four years instead of until death or removal. The Governor shall be able to remove him at any time. His calary is increased from 500 to 1500 per year, and he is still allowed house, fuel and provisions. The physician is also to be appointed by the Governor. His salary shall be \$1000 per annum and he is required to give a bond in the sum of \$1000. Salaries not mentioned in the law are to be fixed by the Board of Corrections, subject to the restrictions of the State Board of Examiners.

### To Change the Blind School.

To Change the Blind School.

H B. No. 56 affects the School for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind at Ogden. It was introduced by Dean, The beard of trustees is to be appointed by the governor for four years instead of six; only two shall be of the same political party. On their appointment the torm of the present board is to terminate. They shall receive \$160 per annum and expenses. The superintendent of the school shall be appointed by the Governor instead of by the board and shall serve during the pleasure of the Governor. He shall give a bond of \$1500 per annum.

a bond of \$10,000 and shall receive a sal-ary of \$1500 per annum.

Mr. Joseph has introduced a bill to compel street rallways to furnish seats for motormen. It is believed it can be passed if he will accept an amendment requiring the companies also to provide eats for passengers

### Indorse Land Bill.

At the meeting of the Committee on Public Lands last evening it was decided o make a favorable report on Mr. Rob-rits's bill for the reorganization of the tate Board of Land Commissioners with here Commissioners to tate Board of Land Commissioners un-ree Commissioners to be appointed by ne Governor. The secretary is to be lected outside the board is to be cus-dian of the money and securities of ne board and is to give a heavy bond, he bond originally provided for was

# WINTER MEAT EATING

The Poor Stomach's Tale of Woe. Just Now Mi-o-na Is Needed.

At this season of the year thousands of people are already showing the ill symptoms that are sure to result from the usual winter diet. Indoor life, meat-eating, hearty food, lack of exercise, overwork and poor ventilation spell "sickness" and poor health. If the stomach cannot do its work

properly, ill health is sure to follow. Mi-o-na is the one medicine that assures a natural digestion that strengthens the stomach, that soothes and heals all irritation, congestion and inflammation in the stomach or bowels. It is this that makes it a certain and guaranteed cure for all stomach troubles.

If the digestion is impaired the blood is impoverished and becomes filled with poisonous impurities, deranging the

Force of habit is believed to draw Hon George Whitmore to the Senate chamber. He was for two seasons a leading member of the body and was defeated for re-election last year by Bishop Thomas C. Callister. He is frequently seen in the Senate chamber this season.

Senator Hollingaworth's bill, No. 29, which is calculated to relieve Wober country from the imposition of bearing the burden of the expense of the municipal court for Ogden, seemed en its face to be a very unpopular measure for the Senatur's home town. Senator Bamberger said, in explanation of his vote: "This doesn't look good to me, but if Senator Hollingsworth can go back there and live I reckon I can go there occasionally with safety if I vote for it.

at Logan was a Senate visitor for a short time yesterday. The faculty is very much in curnest about entertaining the Legislature text Saturday, or at an early date, and a little later it is expected the Legislature will not forget the A. C's, request for a modest appropriation.

saste of lather to shave an ass."
It may be significant to note that Senator Allison was not re-elected last year and Representative Hull was. But Speaker Hull was use of President Allison's partner's most ardent supporters for the United States Senate.

All viscoling and renew his motion for reconsideration of House bill No. 25 yesterday. This was the bill which suffered on Menday from the renewal of its enacting clause It provided for the creation of a uniform legislation commission. "I found," said Mr. Westion, "that the bill stood no show Even some who voted for it yesterday were against 1 today. I can see mathing objectionable to 1, but for some reason the House is against 1."

200,000, but the committee decided on an amendment increasing it to \$750,000. Another committee amendment is to make the board partisan. There was some difference of opinion as to the number of Commissioners. Some wanted five members and one of the members to be secretary, but the majority was opposed. P. L. Williams and A. B. Edler came together in an argument before the Committee on Judiciary yesterday morning over the merits of H. B. No. 10, by Austin, which makes it a misdemeanor for any person or persons to, by threat of violence to do bodily harm, prevent any person from entering or remaining in the employ of any company, corporation or individual. Mr. Williams is general counsel for the Oregon Snort Line and other railroads. Mr. Edler appeared against the bill in behalf of the labor unions. Mr. Williams argued that such a law was necessary as a protection to non-union workmen and their employers. Mr. Edler contended that there were already plenty of laws to cover cases where threats were seriously made or real intimidation practiced.

They found plenty of laws in Carbon county to arrest those who made threats and those who didn't, saild Mr. Edder. Mr. Williams answered in kind and the conference speedily resolved itself into a discussion of the justice and injustice of the coal strike it seems unlikely that the Judiciary committee will agree on this bill. Mr. Austin is working hard to but it through, but is being opposed by the friends of organized labor. Even some of the country members have declared against it. Mr. Miller of Emery county said yesterday that he did not believe in threats or intimidation, but was convinced that the measure was directed against a certain class, and might be abused, whereas there are enough laws now in existence to deal with offenses of this rature which merit punishment.

Opposed Bank Inspection.

### Opposed Bank Inspection.

President Kerr of the Agricultural college

Mr. Wootton did not renew his motion for econsideration of House bill No. 25 yesterday.

W. S. McCornick, the banker, appeared before the Committee, on Banks and Barking yesterday morning to protest against the paseage of J. A. Anderson's bill making private banks subject to examination by the State Bank Examiner. The other side of the question was handled by E. W. Wilson of the Commercial National bank, R. R. Anderson, receiver of Schettler's defunct bank, and Chairman Granfor of the creditor's committee of the same bank. Mr. McCornick contended that examinations did not keep banks from failing and that no sood end would be gained by passing the bill. Mr. Wilson thought it would act as a protection to depositors. The committee will take the matter up again on Thursday.

It was Mr. Joseph who moved that the House accept the invitation of President Kerr to visit the Agricultural college. It was the most popular motion that Joseph has made at this session.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Gensier Rosseau, who can arrested in Philadelphia and brought here in a charge of sending a concealed explosive to the Comard steamship Umbria in this city we years ago, was arraigned in the Court of General Sessions today and committed to the Tombs prison without ball to await trial tomseau pleaded not guilty. PHTSBURG. Jan. 31—The Standard Oil company today reduced the price on all grades of crude oil. A reduction of I cents was made on high grades and 2 cents on the

ling's Best is as sate as the bank for your money. Your grocer resurns your money if you don't like !

# To Any Rheumatic Sufferer New Senate Bills. S. B. No. M-Rasband, relating to duties of the State Treasurer and providing for a descaping for State moneys. Judiciary. S. B. No. 15-Larsen, to establish preparacy trades schools as branches of the Agricultural college. Education. S. B. No. 25-Committee on Military Affairs, revelding for exclusive military jurisdiction over military reservations. Fort Douglas and Nort Ducheme. Military Affairs. S. B. No. 29-Clogs, relating to fees of lerks of District and County courts. Judiciary.

iemedy may have a full dollar's worth free to try.

I willingly make this liberal offer because I know that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy may be relied upon ALWAYS to bring the utmost relief that medicine can. Years before I discovered this remedy. I studied the nature of Rheumatism. For Rheumatism is really liciary.

S. B. No. 40-Hollingsworth, fixing fiscal cear of State of Utah and providing when reports of State officers should be made. Ju-Crystallized Poison.

Legislative Calendar A Dollar's Worth Free

New House Bills. H. B. No. 22-Simons, exempting farmers and truck gardeners from paying scense for the sale of their products in municipalities. M. B. No. 33-Joseph, to submit amendments to State Constitution consolidating the government of the city and country of Salt Lake.

Senate Committee Reports.

House Committee Reports.

H. R. No. 128-To establish department of times. Mines and Mining. Not to pass

Adopted.

H. B. No. 29-To provide for health and safety of miners. Mines and Mining. Not

Alory of miners. Mines and Mining. Not be pass. Adopted. H. B. No. SI-Requiring assessment work thin ninety days on mining claims. Mines and mining. To pass. Consideration post-

Passed by the Senate.

H. B. No. 44—Relating to counterfeiting. H. B. No. 45—Relating to claims against ncorporated cities and towns. S. B. No. 29—Relating to fees of municipal

H. C. R. No. 2-That no bills be intro-duced after forty-fifth day.

Passed by the House.

Against Bishop Talbot.

given up the fight against Bishop Ethel-

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 31.-Rev. I. N. W. Irvine, the deposed rector, today issued a statement announcing that he had

New Senate Bills.

H. P. No. 22—53ward, requesting the State
Board of Corrections to three memoers and
providing for salaries of 1100 per annum
Penitentiary and Prisons.
H. H. No. 96—Pantier, requiring County Commiscioners to furnish copies of the session laws
to justices of the peace. Counties.
H. B. No. 97—Einney, making liquor licenses
transferrable as to place or person. Municipal
Corporations.

ransferrable as to place of proposal plans.

H. B. No. 98—Kinney, allowing writs of execution to lesue in counties where transcript of the judgment has been filed as well as where judgment was given. Judiciary, H. B. No. 99—Dean, reducing the Heard of Trustees of the State School for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind to three members, providing for the appointment of the superintendent by the state of the state of the superintendent by the superintende

Senate Committee Reports.

S. B. No. 25-Relating to fees of municipal courts. Judiciary. To pass. Adopted.

S. B. No. 26-Relating to claims against incorporated cities and towns. Judiciary. To pass. Adopted.

S. C. R. No. 2-To adjourn February 18. Ruics. Not to pass. Adopted.

H. B. No. 45-Relating to forging and counterfeiting. Judiciary. To pass. Adopted.

H. B. No. 45-Relating to appeals from Justices courts. Judiciary. To pass. Adopted.

### Certain Relief.

The secret lay in a wonderful chemical I found in Germany When I found this chemical I knew that I could make a Rheumatic cure that would be practically certain. But even then, before I made an announcement-before I was willing to put my name on it.—I made more than 1000 tests And my failures were but 2 per cent.

This German chemical is not the only ingredient I use in Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure-but it made the remedy possible-made possible an achievement which I doubt not, could have been made in no other way.

This chemical was very expensive. The duty, too, was high. In all it cost me \$4.50 per pound for a REAL remedy for the world's mest painful disease?—for a REAL relief from the greatest torture human beings know?

I don't mean that Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure can turn bony joints into fissh again—that is impossible. But it will drive from the blood the polson that causes pain and swelling and then that is the end of the pain and swelling—the end of the suffering—the end of Rheumatian. That is why I can afford to make this liberal offer—that is why I can afford to spend the FIRST deliar that Rheumatic sufferers, the world over, may learn of my remedy. expected to cleanse the blood and send it back through the system clean, to gather more poison which, they, in turn, will eliminate.

But sometimes the kidneys fall. And sometimes, from some other cause, the blood gets so full of poison that they cannot able sort it all. This is the start of Rheumatizam. The poison accumulates and crystalizes. The crystals look like little grains of sugar or of fine white sand. The blood carries them and they increase in size. Then, when it can carry them no longer, it deposits them in a joint—on a bone, anywhere. The twinge in your jest—the dull ache in your arm on a rainy day—these are the outward signs of the unseen crystals. And the twisted limbs and unspeciable an aclient to the sufferer who has allewed his symptoms to go unbeeded and unattended for years—these are the evidences of what Rheumalism neglected, can do.

Rheumatism includes lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, gout—for all these are the results of rheumatic poison in the blood.

Plainly, the first thing to do is to remove the poisem. But this is done there for the poison must be stopped, so that nature may have a chance to dissolve and eliminate the crystals which have already formed. Unless this is done there is one of the will ache in the poison must be stopped, so that nature may have a chance to dissolve and eliminate the crystals which he will accept as giadly as he would accept formed. Unless this is done there is one of the will could have been made in no other way. This chemical was very expensive. This could have been made in no other way.

I don't mean that it is in the set of a REAL remedy for the world sense? For a REAL remedy for the world sense? The two was a remain of

# Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy

# **Administration** in the Saddle

and mining 10 pass Consideration post-poned.

H. B. No. 11—Changes of venue. Judiciary. To pass. Adopted.

H. B. No. 13—Extending jurisdiction of mu-nicipal courts to counties. Judiciary. Not to pass. Adopted.

H. B. No. 5—To shollsh art institute. Edu-cation and Art. To pass. Adopted. Gov. Gooding of Idaho Scores Big Victory in Passage of State Depository Bill.

> Special to The Tribune. BOISE, Ida., Jan. 31.-The administration won the signal victory in the House today. The Senate State depository bill came up as a special order. It was expected a strong anti-administration show-

there was some disappointment because the developments were so different than had been hoped for.

H. B. No. 63-Allows extension of time or filing notices in court. H. B. No. 63-Requiring notice to be given of determination of a motion for a new B. No. 9-Net proceeds of mines to be All sorts of explanations are advanced, taxed as personal property.

H. B. No. 44 Relating to forging and coun-terfeiting, and 45, relating to undertakings on appeal from Justices' courts, as amended by one being that the recent understanding reached by some of the leaders had somereached by some of the leaders had something to do with it. Others assert however, that at no time has the depository bill been involved in any anti-administration feeling, and that the measurement went through on its merits only.

After a prolonged discussion in committee of the whole, the administration bill was recommended for passage as against the Richards bill. Judge Richards announced that, as he favored some kind of depository bill, he would vote for the Senate measure, since the House had expressed preference for it.

The bill was given its third reading immediately after the committee rose and was passed unanimously. Final action was taken on the vault bill, which went through without opposition. It now goes to the Senate.

The arguments on the depository bill in committee were prolonged. Judge Richards opposed to Senate bill on constitute. DEPOSED PRIEST GIVES UP. Dr. Irvine Drops All Proceedings

was passed unanimously rinar action was passed unanimously rinar action bert Taibet.

Dr. Irvine says he will drop all proceedings against Bishop Taibot both ecclesiastical and legal. He says that he is actuated by a desire to prevent further scandal to the Episcopal church. Dr. Irvine reviews the controversy with the bishop at length and enumerates a number of facts not heretofore given publicity. He charges that money and influence were used by Bishop Taibot to block his efforts to bring the case before an ecclesiastical court. In deciding to proceed no further, he says:

"I do not know what else can be done with Bishop Taibot, who has brought such a scandal upon othere, but to forgive him, and I herewith freely and without reservation offer him a fail and free pardon, as if we were standing on the last great day before the judgment throne of Jesus Christ, our eternal God."

was taken on the vault bill, which went through without opposition. It now goes to to be committee were prolonged Judge Richards opposed the Senate bill in committee were prolonged Judge Richards opposed the Senate bill on constitutional grounds. He favored enactment of his depository measure also for constitutional reasons. The principal speech for the Senate bill was made by Representative Moore of Fremont, who said it more fully met the pledges of the Republican party. He also urged it for business reasons.

The bill will become a law as soon as Gov. Gooding signs it. It authorizes the deposit of State funds under conditions that are amply safeguarded in banks that will pay not less than 2 per cent interest on daily balances. Provisions are incorporated to prevent discrimination as between banks by the State Treasurer.

An amusing incident occurred in connection with an adverse report from the Railroad committee on Johnson's antipas bill. Johnson moved it be made a

party. He also urged it for business reasons.

The bill will become a law as soon as Goy. Gooding signs it. It authorizes the deposit of State funds under conditions that are amply safeguarded in banks that will pay not less than 2 per cent interest on daily balances. Provisions are incorporated to prevent discrimination as between banks by the State Treasurer.

An amusing incident occurred in connection with an adverse report from the Railroad committee on Johnson's antipass bill. Johnson moved it be made a special order for Friday. On a viva voce vote, in which there was a perfect chorus of ayes and only a few scattering nays the motion was declared lost. Johnson then demanded a roll call. Under the rules it requires three requests to secure a roll call.

a roll call.

Johnson was finally reinforced by Magill and Smith of Washington and, much to the surprise of everybody, Johnson's motion prevailed by a vote of 28 to 13. Those voting against the motion and therefore against the bill, were Adkison, Anderson, Ashley, Belcher, Bennion, Bush, Christensen, Foster, Jensen, Morgan, Stephens, Sweiser and Speaker Hunt.

While the bill will undoubtedly be killed it is intended to secure a record vote at it is intended to secure a record vote a

very step. The Senate devoted practically the en-The Senate devoted practically the en-tire session to consideration of the Sen-ate anti-cigarette bill in committee of the whole. It was recommended for passage, but by a vote of 12 to 8 the Senate re-fused to suspend the rules in order to

### KANSAS AFTER TRUSTS.

### Legislature to Investigate All Doing Business in That State.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 31.-The Kansas Senate today adopted the Noftsinger resclution, providing for an investigation of all the corporations doing business in Kansas. This includes the packers, Standard Oil company and others. If any of the corporations are found to be overrating in opposition to the provisions of the anti-trust law, legal proceedings will be brought at once. e brought at once. Speaker W. R. Stubbs of the House of

Speaker W. R. Stubbs of the House of Representatives announces himself as favorable to the investigation, wishing that special attention be given the Standard Oil company. He said tonight:

"This State should no longer endure tyranny of the Standard Oil company monopoly or any other trust or combine which operates for the detriment of the people of the State. I cite the Standard Oil company as an example of this monopoly."

### Russian Taxes Excessive.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. II.—Seven Russian families reached this city today from New York, en route to Los Angeles, to make their homes with the Russian colony near that city. The immigrants say they were compelled to leave Russia owing to the excessive tax rate prevailing. Many etories of starvation among the poorer classes from this cause are told.

### SURE OF WOMAN'S IDENTITY

# That of Mrs. Bessie Bouton.

-Chief of Police Reynolds of this city, who has been on the trail of Milton Franklin, suspected of having murdered Bessle Bouton, has returned. He announces that he is convinced of two things, first, that the body found on Cutler mountain is that of Mrs. Bessle Bouton of Syracuse, N. Y., and second, that Milton Franklin Andrews of Hartford, Conn., is the Milton Franklin, allas George Bouton, allas George Bar-nett, who he believes is responsible for her death. The Chief says he will have a warrant issued at once for Franklin's errest. He says that Franklin is in hid-ing in New York city, and that he has been traveling with a woman who calls

been traveling with a woman who calls herself his sister.

While in Syracuse Chief Reynolds submitted a sample of the hair found upon the body of the Cutler mountain vicim to the Kempters, parents of Bessie Bouton, and it was identified as having belonged to the missing daughter. The description of the dental work was identified also, and the height weight and general description of the bedy tallied exactly with that of Bessie Bouton.

# NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

A CURE FOR ALL.

In these days of humbuggery and deeption, the manufacturers of patent medicines, as a rule, seem to think their medicines will not sell unless they claim that it will cure every disease under the sun. And they never think of leaving out dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They are sure to claim that their nostrum is absolutely certain to cure every dyspeptic

## CONVICT HANGS HIMSELF. In Prison Awaiting His Execution,

and Committed Suicide. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 31 -- Convict John H. Wood, who took a prominent part in the Folsom prison break in July 1963, committed suicide in the dungeon this afternoon. He was recently convicted of the murder of Militiaman Ruth-

erford, whom he shot and killed during erford, whom he shot and killed during the famous man hunt.

Wood has been confined in the row of condemned cells and when seen by the turnkey at 10 o'clock this morning was all right. When the turnkey entered the cell this afterneon Wood was found hanging from the ventilator with a rope tied about his neck. The rope was made out of torn strips of bed clothing. Wood was awaiting the fixing of the date of his hanging.

# Bomb-Thrower Arraigned.

Price of Crude Oil Reduced

Prison for Fraudulent Voting. BAN FRANCISCO, Jan 21.—Charles Wy-ran, recently convicted of fraudulent voting it the primary election held hast year, was sectioned by Judge Lawler to three years im-orisonment in the San Quentin State prison.

### TEA Moneyback says: Schil-

## Body Found on Cutler Mountain Was

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., Jan. 31.

ing would be made and it is understood

## PRINCESS VICTORIA ILL.

Passes Through Operation for A -----

dicitis Successfull LONDON, Jan. 31.-The Prin toria, daughter of King Edwa went an operation for appea Buckingham palace this morn operation was performed by Si erick Trevas, surgeon in ordinar King. A bulletin subsequently

Says:

"The circumstances of the op-were favorable. The Princess bore i well and is progressing satisfactori. The Princess, who has been ill for time, came to London January 27 to pare for the operation. She was bor 1868.

# Not a Patent Cure-all, Nor a Modern Miracle, But Simply a Rational

Cure for Dyspepsia.

and he need look no further. In the face of these absurd claims it is efreshing to note that the proprietors of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have carefully refrained from making any undue claims or false representations regarding the merits of this most excellent remedy for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They make but one claim for it, and that is,

dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They make but one claim for it, and that is, that for indigestion and various stomach troubles Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is a radical cure. They go no farther than this, and any man or woman suffering from indigestion, chronic or nervous dyspepsia, who will give the remedy a trial will find that nothing is claimed for it that the facts will not fully sustain.

It is a modern discovery, composed of harmless vegetable ingredients acceptable to the weakest or most delicate atomach, like great success in curing stomach troubles is due to the fact that the medicinal properties are such that it will disgest whatever wholesome food is taken into the stomach, no matter whether the stomach is in good working order or not. It rests the overworked organ and replenishes the body, the blood, the nerves, creating a healthy appetite, giving refreshing sleep and the blessings which always accompany a good digestion and proper assimilation of food.

In using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets no dieting is required. Simply cat plenty of wholesome food and take these Tablets at each meal, thus assisting and resting the stomach, which rapidly regains its proper digestive power, when the Tablets will be no longer required.

Nervous Dyspepsia is simply a condition in which some portion or portions of the nervous system are not properly nourished. Good digestion invigorates the nervous system and every organ in the body. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at 50 cts, per package.